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On page 3, lines ¹⁰N-22 and
page 4, lines 1-2, please replace the paragraph with:

In another embodiment of the invention, an especially flat shaped balloon is positioned between the sling material and the urethra to provide desired compression. Examples of inflatable balloon devices are disclosed in U.S. Patent entitled Systems for Percutaneous Bone and Spinal Stabilization, Fixation and Repair, (U.S. Pat. No. 6,127,597), filed Mar. 6, 1998 by Mordechay Beyar, Oren Globberman and Elad Magal, the disclosure of which is fully incorporated herein by reference. This balloon is inflated with fluid, and the volume can be adjusted by inflation or reduction of the fluid inside the balloon, using a tiny needle inserted through the perineal area. In a further embodiment of the invention, the sling material is part of the flat balloon. The sling material and the balloon can be either be an integral single unit, or the sling material can be attached or secured to the balloon. Inflation and deflation of the balloon, in conjunction with the sling (which is preferably secured using suitable bone anchors and suture), is used to correct the urinary pathology, in accordance with the methods disclosed herein. The sling is attached to the bone by means of bone anchors.

On page 10, lines 12-21 and
page 11, line 1 please replace the paragraph with:

In accordance with the present invention, a T-Sacrospinous fixation procedure is further provided herein, as shown in FIG. 11. A T-anchor™ is threaded with suture and loaded onto the anchoring device of FIG. 3. With the patient under anaesthesia and in the lithotomy position, the surgical area and the vagina are disinfected. The posterior vaginal wall is opened, the rectum is pushed to the left, and the sacrospinous ligament is palpated. Palpating the ligament with a finger, the inserter is advanced along the finger until the tip of the anchor perforates the sacrospinous ligament. The insertion lever is then pressed (after disengaging the safety), causing the anchor to be deployed in the sacrospinous ligament, resulting in a firm attachment to the ligament. The inserter is then pulled out, and the suture is pulled for proper anchoring as disclosed above. The procedure is then repeated on the contralateral side. Colporrhaphy is then performed.